

Self-Assembled Collagen-like Peptide Fibers as Templates for Metallic Nanowires

Daniel Gottlieb,^a Stephen A. Morin,^b Song Jin,^{*b} and Ronald T. Raines^{*ab}

^aDepartment of Biochemistry, University of Wisconsin-Madison,
Madison, WI 53706-1544, USA

^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Wisconsin-Madison,
Madison, WI 53706-1322, USA

Electronic Supplementary Information

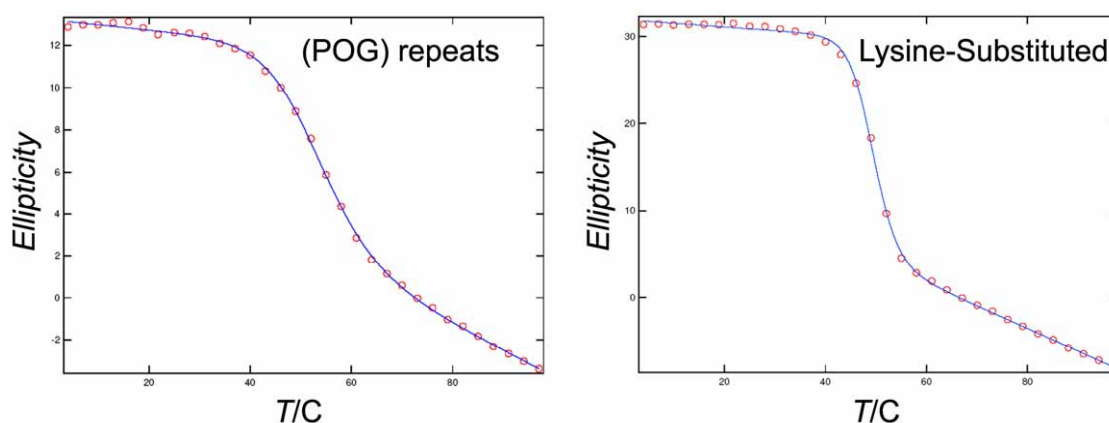


Fig. S1. Circular Dichroism (CD) Spectroscopy. Peptide solutions (0.25 mM in water) were stored at 4 °C for 16–24 h, incubated at room temperature for 2–4 h, and then heated to 37 °C for 16–24 h. CD melting curves were recorded on an Aviv Associates 202SF CD spectrometer. Spectra were recorded in 1-nm increments with a 3-s averaging time, 1-nm bandpass, and 0.1-cm path length. Ellipticity at 225 nm was monitored from 4–92 °C with at a rate of 1-°C/min, increments of 3 °C, and an equilibration time of 5 min. A comparison of these thermal denaturation curves indicates that the lysine-substituted sequence has a slightly lower T_m value (49 °C) compared to that of the (POG)₁₀ sequence (53 °C), indicative of an only slightly destabilized triple helix.